KANOSH TOWN
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2006

### CONTENTS

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	5
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS	17
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	18
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
BALANCE SHEET	19
BALANCE SHEET RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS	20
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	21
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	22
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND	23
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND	24
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND	25
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	26
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED):	
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES:	
GENERAL FUND	42
NOTE A - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET-TO-GAAP RECONCILIATION	44
COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES:	
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	46
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET	47
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	48
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	50
AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE LEGAL COMPLIANCE	52

## Kimball & Roberts

Certified Public Accountants
A Professional Corporation
Box 663
Richfield, Utah 84701
Phone 896-6488

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Honorable Mayor and Town Council Kanosh Town Kanosh, Utah 84637

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kanosh Town as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Kanosh Town's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kanosh Town Corporation as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 22, 2006, on our consideration of Kanosh Town's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 through 15 and 42 through 44 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Honorable Mayor and Town Board Kanosh Town

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Kanosh Town's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of Kanosh Town. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

KIMBALL & ROBERTS, P. C. Certified Public Accountants

August 22, 2006 Richfield, Utah

# KANOSH TOWN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

This discussion of Kanosh Town's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the year ending June 30, 2006. This report is in conjunction with the Town's financial statements.

The purpose of the Town is to provide general services to its residents which includes general government, public safety, highways and public improvements, parks and recreation.

### Financial Highlights

- \* The assets of the Town exceeded its liabilities as of the close of the most recent year by \$1,637,624 (net assets). Of this amount, \$540,943 (unrestricted net assets) which may be used to meet its to ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- \* The government's total net assets decreased by \$20,290. The revenues were less than the adopted budgeted amounts, and expenditures were less than the adopted budgeted amounts in the general fund.
- \* At the close of the current year, the Town's governmental funds reported ending fund balance of \$314,409, a decrease of \$32,815 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 79 percent of this total amount, \$249,368, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- \* At the end of the current year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$68,630, or 26 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- \* The Town's total debt decreased by \$8,275 during the current year.

### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains othr supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, public health, highways and streets, and parks and recreation. The business-type activities of the Town are electric and water operations.

Refer to the table of contents for the location of the government-wide financial statements.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and enterprise funds.

### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statement, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balance of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditure, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Kanosh Town maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with those budgets. Refer to the table of contents for the location of the basic governmental fund financial statements.

### **Proprietary Funds**

Kanosh Town maintains two proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the electric and water operations. Refer to the table of contents for the location of the basic proprietary fund financial statements.

### **Notes To The Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are part of the basic financial statements.

### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required* supplementary information concerning the Town.

### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Kanosh Town's, assets exceeded liabilities by \$1,637,624 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. By far the largest portion of the Town's net assets (62 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the Town's net assets (5 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$540,943) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the year, the Town is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

### **Kanosh Town's Net Assets**

	Govern Activ			ss-Type vities	Тс	otal
•	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Current and Other Assets	330,630	400,508	350,855	402,318	681 <b>,48</b> 5	802,826
Capital Assets	390,536	347,730	927,809	984,243	1,318,345	1,331,973
Total Assets	721,166	748,238	1,278,664	1,386,561	1,999,830	2,134,799
Long-Term Liabilities	-	-	290,906	334,689	290, <b>90</b> 6	334,689
Other Liabilities	16,221	29,497	<u>55,079</u>	37,402	71,300	66,899
Total Liabilities	16,221	29,497	345,985	372,091	362,206	401,588
Net Assets:						
Invested in Capital Assets						
Net of Related Debt	390,536	347,730	620,904	646,754	1,011 <b>,44</b> 0	994,484
Restricted	65,041	17,000	20 <b>,20</b> 0	20 <b>,20</b> 0	85,241	37,200
Unrestricted	249,368	354,011	291,575	347,516	540,943	701,527
Total Net Assets	704,945	718,741	932,679	1,014,470	1,637,624	1,733,211

### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities increased Kanosh Town's net assets by \$18,879.

### Kanosh Town Changes in Net Assets

	Governi Activi		Busines Activ	• •	To	tai
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Revenues:			2000		2000	
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	101,138	106,894	222,470	226,331	323,608	333,225
Operating Grants	33,026	80,506	-	-	33,026	80,506
Capital Grants	41,568	• •	-	157,680	41,568	157,680
General Revenues:	•			•	•	·
Property Taxes	5 <b>,78</b> 7	3 <b>,46</b> 1	-	-	5,787	3,461
Other Taxes	43,023	35,333	-	-	43,023	35,333
Unrestricted Investment						
Earnings	16,054	7,831	10,823	3,690_	26,877	11,521
Total Revenues	240,596	234,025	233,293	387,701	473,889	621,726
Expenses:						
General Government	75,441	93,824	-	-	75, <del>44</del> 1	93,824
Public Safety	31,901	28,333	-	-	3 <b>1,90</b> 1	<b>28,3</b> 33
Highways and Public	23,760	19,018	-	-	23,760	19,018
<b>im</b> provements	68 <b>,00</b> 3	79,212	-	-	68,003	7 <b>9,2</b> 12
Culture and Recreation	22,612	46,236	-	-	22,612	4 <b>6,2</b> 36
Water, Garbage & Landfill		-	272,462	193,910	272,462	193,910
Total Expenses	221,717	266,623	272,462	193,910	494,179	460,533
Increase in Net Assets						
Before Transfers	18 <b>,87</b> 9	(32,598)	(39,169)	193,791	(20,290)	161,193
Transfers	<u> </u>			(60,000)		(60,000)
Increase in Net Assets	18,879	(32,598)	(39,169)	133,791	(20,290)	101,193
Net Assets - Beginning	686,066	<u>751,339</u>	971,848	880,679	1,657,914	1,632,018
Ne Total Net Assets	704,945	718,741	932,679	1,014,470	1,637,624	1,733,211

<sup>\*</sup> The City received operating grants of \$33,026. The material grant amount was; \$32,246 for Class C Roads. A capital grant from homeland security of \$29,600 was for the fire department for equipment.

For the most part, increases in expenses closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services.

### **Business-Type Activities**

Business-type activities decreased the Town's net assets by \$39,169.

- \* The total increase in the business-type activity costs were mainly due to the increase in the cost of purchased power.
- \* The depreciation in the enterprise funds remained the same.

### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the Town's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

At the end of the year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$314,409, a decrease of \$32,815 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 79% percent of this amount (\$249,368) constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to perpetual care in the amount of \$65,041.

As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 26 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 26 percent of that same amount.

### **Proprietary Funds**

The Town's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the electric and water funds at the end of the year were \$291,575. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds has already been addressed in the discussion of the Town's business-type activities.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The difference between the original and final budget was \$48,880. Changes were as follows:

- \* General government increased by \$13,880.
- \* Public safety increased by \$30,000.
- \* Public health increased by \$5,000.
- \* Highways and public improvements remained the same.
- Parks and recreation remained the same.

Actual revenues were less than budgeted revenues by \$67,382 and actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures by \$30,077 resulting in a net decrease in fund balance of \$37,305.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

### **Capital Assets**

Kanosh Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2006, was \$390,536 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment and infrastructure, which includes roads.

The total increase in the Town's investment in capital assets for the current year was \$91,924. Major capital asset events during the current year included the following:

*	Fire Equipment	\$31,924
*	Tractor	\$35,000
*	Sidewalks	\$25,000

### Kanosh Town's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

	Govern Activ		Busines Activ	• •	То	ital
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Land	43,168	43,168	15,688	15 <b>,6</b> 88	58,856	58,856
Infrastructure	201,986	229,162	· <b>-</b>	-	201, <b>9</b> 86	229,162
Buildings	17,050	19,350	-	-	17,050	<b>19,</b> 350
Improvements Other than						
Buildings	15,300	17,100	-	-	15,300	17,100
Water System	-	-	680,230	719,200	680,230	719,200
Electric System	_	-	231,891	<b>249,3</b> 55	231,891	249,355
Equipment	113,032	38,950			113,032	38,950
Total	390,536	347,730	927,809	984,243	1,318,345	1,331,973

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

### **Long -Term Debt**

At the end of the current year, the Town's had total bonded debt outstanding of \$306,905. The debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds).

### Kanosh Town's Long-Term Debt

	Govern Activ		Busines Activ		Тс	otal
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Revenue Bonds	-	-	306,905	334,689	306,905	334,689

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 12 percent of its total fair market value of taxable property in the Town. The Town has no general obligation debt.

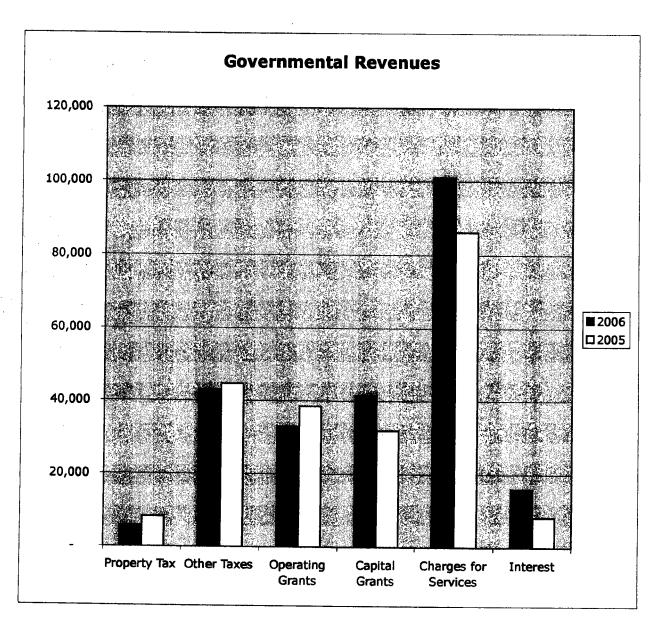
Additional information on Kanosh Town's long-term debt can be found in the notes of the financial statements.

### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Kanosh Town's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Kanosh Town Clerk, P.O. Box 96, Kanosh, Utah, 84637-0096.

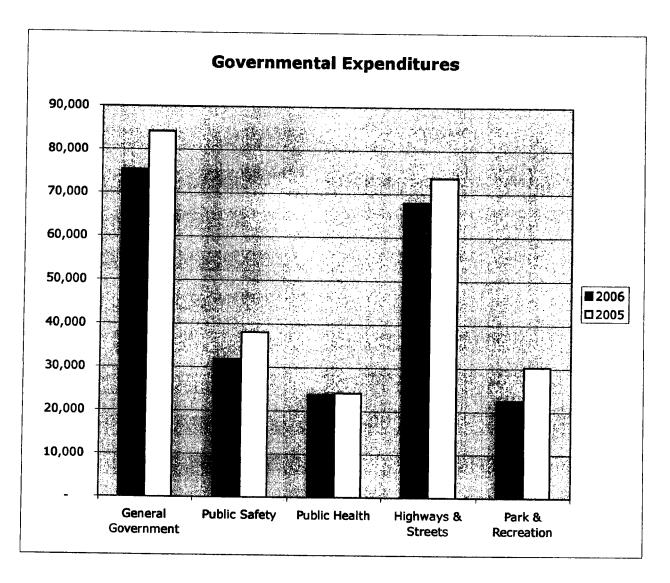
# Kanosh Town Governmental Revenues For The Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2006 and 2005

	2006	2005
Property Tax	5,787	8,273
Other Taxes	43,023	44,697
Operating Grants	33,026	38,506
Capital Grants	41,568	31,910
Charges for Services	101,138	86,161
Interest	16,054	8,283
Total Revenues	240,596	217,830



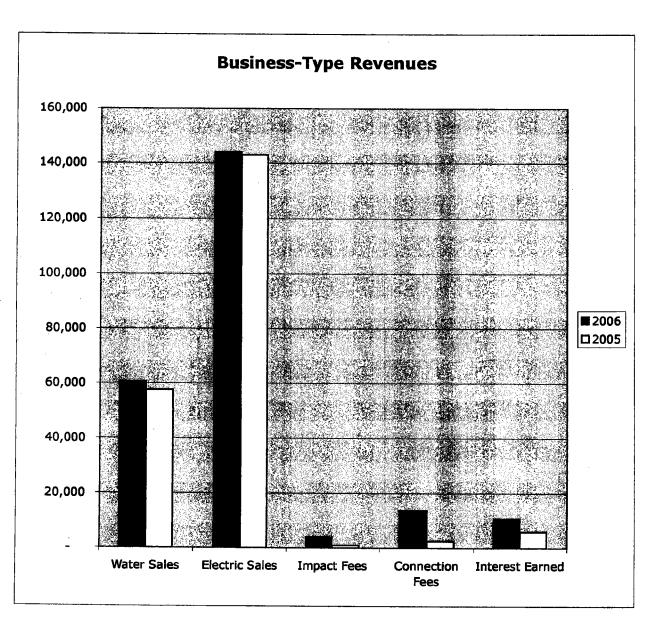
Kanosh Town
Governmental Expenditures
For The Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2006 and 2005

2006	2005
75,441	84,186
31,901	38,170
23,760	24,138
68,003	73,686
22,612	30,325
221,717	250,505
	75,441 31,901 23,760 68,003 22,612



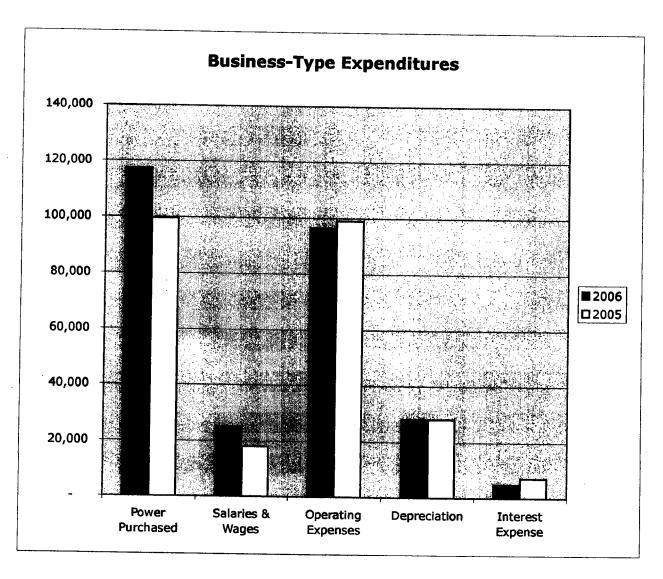
# Kanosh Town Business-Type Revenues For The Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2006 and 2005

	2006	2005
Water Sales	60,619	57,626
Electric Sales	144,116	143,099
Impact Fees	4,000	1,000
Connection Fees	13,735	2 <b>,650</b>
Interest Earned	10,823	6,065
Total Revenues	233,293	210,440



Kanosh Town
Business Type Expenditures
For The Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2006 and 2005

	2006	2005
Power Purchased	117,440	99,612
Salaries & Wages	25,295	18,116
Operating Expenses	96,483	99,014
Depreciation	28,217	28,217
Interest Expense	5,027	7,103
Total Expenditures	272,462	252,062



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# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# KANOSH TOWN STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

### June 30, 2006

	P	rimary Government	
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	<u>Activities</u>	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets:	000 000	000 004	610.000
Cash and Cash Equivalents	320,962	298,331	619,293
Accounts Receivable (Net)  Due From Other Government Units	2,859	32,324	35,183 6 800
Due From Other Government Onits	6,809	<del></del>	6,809
Total Current Assets	330,630	330,655	661,285
Noncurrent Assets:			
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	•	20,200	20,200
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation):			
Land	43,168	15,688	<b>58,8</b> 56
Buildings	<b>17,050</b>	-	17,050
Improvements Other Than Buildings	15,300	•	15,300
Equipment	113,032	-	113,032
Water System		680,230	680,230
Electric System	-	231,891	231,891
Infrastructure	201,986	-	201,986
Total Noncurrent Assets	390,536	948,009	<u>1,338,545</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	721,166	1,278,664	1,999,830
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	16,221	30,122	<b>46,</b> 343
Accrued Liabilities	•	1,132	1,132
Deposits Payable	-	5,276	5,276
Bond Interest Payable	-	2,550	2,550
Revenue Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year	-	<u>15,999</u>	15,999
Total Current Liabilities	16,221	55,079	71,300
Name and Link Halen			
Noncurrent Liabilities: Revenue Bonds Payable - Due More Than One Year	-	290,906	290,906
Hoveride Boride Layable Bas More Than She Toda			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	16,221	345,985	362,206
NET ASSETS			
Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	<b>39</b> 0,5 <b>36</b>	620,904	1,011,440
Restricted For:			
Bond Retirement	-	20,200	20,200
Perpetual Care	65,041	-	65,041
Unrestricted	249,368	291,575	540,943
TOTAL NET ASSETS	704,945	932,679	1,637,624
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	721,166	1,278,664	1,999,830

# KANOSH TOWN STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Function/Programs Primary Governments         Expenses         Services         Contributions         Contributions         Activities         Total Governmental Activities         Activities         Total Governmental Activities         Total Governmental Activities         Activities         Activities         Activities         Total Governmental Activities         Total Activities         Total Governmental Activities         Total Activit			E Charges for	Program Revenues Operating Grants/	s Capital Grants/	Net (Ex Cha Governmental	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets nental Business-Type	es and ets
75,441 61,566 780 41,568 23,269 - 68,003 1,901 12,822 780 41,568 (45,948) - 68,003 - 18,812 2,612	n/Programs Primary Governme	Expenses ent:	1	Contributions	- •	Activities	Activities	Total
23,760         18,812         -         (4,948)         -           22,612         7,938         -         (14,674)         -           22,612         7,938         -         (14,674)         -           22,612         7,938         -         -         (14,674)           51,757         60,619         -         -         (65,895)           220,705         144,116         -         -         (67,727)           ctivities         272,462         204,735         -         -         (67,727)           nent         494,179         305,873         33,026         4,000         -         -           General Revenues: Impact Fees Connection Fees Unrestricted Investment Earnings Connection Fees Unrestricted Investment Earnings         5,787         4,000           Change in Net Assets         16,054         10,823           Ordange in Net Assets         16,054         28,558           Ohet Assets - Beginning         704,945         704,945         1,6	ernmental Activities: eneral Government iblic Safetv	75,441	61,566	- 780	41,568	(13,875) 23,269		(13,875) 23,269
51,757         60,619         -         8,862           220,705         144,116         -         (76,589)           ctivities         272,462         204,735         -         (67,727)           nent         494,179         305,873         33,026         41,568         (45,985)         (67,727)           General Revenues:         Property Taxes         33,026         41,568         (45,985)         (67,727)         (67,727)           Property Taxes         Sales Taxes         -         4,000         -         4,000         -           Connection Fees         Connection Fees         -         13,735         -         -         10,823           Unrestricted Investment Earnings         -         64,864         28,558         -         -           Change in Net Assets         Beginning         686,066         971,848         1,4           Net Assets - Ending         -         704,945         932,679         1,4	ublic Health treets and Public Improvements ark and Recreation	23,760 <b>68</b> ,003 22,612	18,812	32,246		(4,948) (35,757) (14,674)		(4,948) (35,757) (14,674)
51,757         60,619         -         8,862           220,705         144,116         -         (76,589)           ctivities         272,462         204,735         -         (67,727)           nent         494,179         305,873         -         (67,727)         (76,589)           General Revenues:         Property Taxes         41,568         (45,985)         (67,727)         (77,727)           Sales Taxes         Impact Tees         4,000         -         13,735         -           Connection Fees         Connection Fees         -         13,735         -         13,735           Unrestricted Investment Earnings         -         -         -         13,735         -           Change in Net Assets         Beginning         -         -         -         -         14,000           Net Assets - Beginning         -	Total Governmental Activities	221,717	101,138	33,026	41,568	(45,985)	1	(45,985)
272,462         204,735         -         -         (67,727)         (67,727)         (67,727)         (727)         (67,727)         (67,727)         (727)	ilness-Type Activities: Vater Fund lectric Fund	51,757 220,705	60,619 144,116				8,862 (76,589)	8,862 (76,589)
General Revenues:         A1,568         41,568         (45,985)         (67,727)         (7727)	Total Business-Type Activities	272,462	204,735		•	•	(67,727)	(67,727)
5,787       -         43,023       -         4,000       -         13,735         al Revenues and Transfers       64,864         18,879       (39,169)         ling       704,945         33,735         1,6       971,848         1,6       932,679         1,6       1,6         1,6 </td <td>Total Primary Government</td> <td>494,179</td> <td>305,873</td> <td>33,026</td> <td>41,568</td> <td>(45,985)</td> <td>(67,727)</td> <td>(113,712)</td>	Total Primary Government	494,179	305,873	33,026	41,568	(45,985)	(67,727)	(113,712)
General Revenues and Transfers       64,864       28,558         ge in Net Assets       18,879       (39,169)         Beginning       686,066       971,848       1,6         Ending       704,945       932,679       1,6		General Reve Property Ta Sales Taxe Impact Fee Connection Unrestricte	axes: ss ss Fees d Investment Es	arnings		5,787 43,023 - 16,054	- 4,000 13,735 10,823	5,787 43,023 4,000 13,735 26,877
ge in Net Assets     18,879     (39,169)       Beginning     686,066     971,848     1,6       Ending     704,945     932,679     1,6			General Revenu	ues and Transfers		64,864	28,558	93,422
Beginning         686,066         971,848           Ending         704,945         932,679		Chang	ye in Net Assets			18,879	(39,169)	(20,290)
Ending 832,079	,		Seginning 			686,066	971,848	1,657,914
			=nding			704,945	932,679	1,037,024

# KANOSH TOWN BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	General	Capital Projects	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
9	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	75,183	174,978	70,801	320,962
Accounts Receivable (Net)	2,859	-	-	<b>2,8</b> 59
Due From Other Government Units	6,809		-	6,809
TOTAL ASSETS	84,851	174,978	70,801	330,630
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:	10.001			16 001
Accounts Payable	16,221			16,221
Total Liabilities	16,221		-	16,221
Fund Balances:				
Reserved For:				
Perpetual Care	-	-	65,041	65,041
Unreserved, Reported In:				
General Fund	<b>68,</b> 630	-	-	<b>68,63</b> 0
Special Revenue Funds	-	· -	5,760	5,760
Capital Project Fund		174,978		174,978
Total Fund Balance	68,630	174,978	70,801	314,409
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
FUND BALANCE	84,851	<u>174,978</u>	70,801	330,630

# KANOSH TOWN BALANCE SHEET RECONCILIATION TO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2006

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Fund Types

314,409

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Land	43,168
Buildings	17,050
Improvements Other Than Buildings	15,300
Equipment	78,032
Infrastructure	201,986

Total \_\_\_\_355,536

Net Assets of Government Activities 669,945

# KANOSH TOWN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Taxes	48,810	•	-	48,810
Licenses and Permits	4,212	-	-	4,212
Intergovernmental Revenue	74,594	-	10,575	85,169
Charges for Services	73,087	-	-	73,087
Interest	16,054	. <b>-</b>	-	16,054
Miscellaneous Revenues	7,341	· '	5,923	13,264
Total Revenues	224,098	%	16,498	240,596
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government	75,191	-	-	75,191
Public Safety	14,606	-	12,008	26,614
Public Health	23,760	-	-	23,760
Streets and Public Improvements	35,220	-	-	35,220
Parks and Recreation	20,702	-	-	20,702
Capital Outlay	91,924			91,924
Total Expenditures	261,403	·	12,008	273,411
Net Change In Fund Balance	(37,305)	-	4,490	(32,815)
Fund Balance - Beginning	105,935	174,9 <b>7</b> 8	66,311	347,224
Fund Balance - Ending	68,630	174,978	70,801	314,409

# KANOSH TOWN RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

### For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	·	
Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		(32,815)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:		
Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense	56,924 (40,230)	
Total		16,694

Changes In Net Assets of Governmental Activities

(16,121)

# KANOSH TOWN STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2006

Business-	Гуре	e Activity	
Entern	aoi	Fund	

		Enterprise Fund	•
	Water	Electric	
	Fund	Fund	Totals
ASSETS:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	203,287	95 <b>,04</b> 4	298,331
Accounts Receivable	8,434	23,890	32,324
Total Current Assets	211,721	118,934	330,655
Noncurrent Assets:			
Investments - Restricted:			
Bond Retirement	20,200	-	20,200
Capital Assets: (Net of Accum. Depr.)	_0,_00		20,200
Land	15,688	-	15,688
Improvements Other Than Buildings	680,230	<u>231,<b>89</b>1</u>	912,121
Total Noncurrent Assets	716,118	231,891	948,009
	<del></del>		
TOTAL ASSETS	927,839	350,825	1,278,664
LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	774	29,348	30,122
Accrued Liabilities	- 774	29,340 1,132	1,132
Customer Deposits	900	4,376	5,2 <b>76</b>
Bond Interest Payable	2,550	-,070	2,5 <b>50</b>
Bonds Payable - Current Portion	15,999	_	15,999
Total Current Liabilities	20,223	34,856	55,079
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Bonds Payable - Long-Term Portion	290,906	_	290,906
bondo i dyabio Long Term i dittori	230,300		230,300
TOTAL LIABILITIES	311,129	34,856	345,985
NET ASSETS:			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	389,013	231,891	620,904
Restricted for Bonded Retirement	20,200	-	20,200
Unrestricted	207,497	84,078	291,575
	<del></del>		
TOTAL NET ASSETS	<u>616,710</u>	<u>315,969</u>	932,679
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	027 920	250 925	1 070 664
IOTAL LINDILITIES AND INET 499E19	927,839	350,825	1,278,664

# KANOSH TOWN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2006

<b>Business-Type Activity</b>
-------------------------------

	Enterprise Fund		
	Water	Electric	
	Fund	Fund	Totals
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for Sales and Services:			
Water	60,619	-	60,619
Electricity		144,116	144,116
Total Operating Revenues	60,619	144,116	204,735
Operating Expenses:			
Salaries and Wages	8,716	16,579	25,295
Maintenance and Operations	18,529	27,954	46,483
Administrative Fee	-	50,000	50,000
Purchase of Power	-	117,440	117,440
Depreciation	19,485	8,732	28,217
Total Operating Expenses	46,730	220,705	267,435
Operating Income	13,889	(76,589)	(62,700)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			
Investment Earnings	5 <b>,61</b> 6	5 <b>,207</b>	10,823
Connection Fees	3,685	10,050	13,735
Impact Fees	4,000	•	4,000
Interest Expense	(5,027)		(5,027)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	8,274	15,257	23,531
Change in Net Assets	22 <b>,16</b> 3	(61,332)	(39,169)
Total Net Assets - Beginning	594,547	377,301	971,848
Total Net Assets - Ending	616,710	315,969	932,679

# KANOSH TOWN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

### June 30, 2006

	Business-Ty	pe Activity - Enterp	rise Fund
	Water	Electric	
	Fund	Fund	Totals
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:			
Receipts From Customers	59,567	142,899	202,466
Payments to Suppliers	(17,630)	(183,632)	(201,262)
Payments to Employees	(8,716)	(16,579)	(25,295)
			(==,===)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	33,221	(57,312)	(24,091)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activiti	es:		
Principal Paid on Capital Debt	(19,175)	-	(19,175)
Interest Paid on Capital Debt	(5,177)	-	(5,177)
Bond Proceeds	10,900	-	10,900
Connection Fees	<b>3,68</b> 5	10,050	13,735
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and			
Related Financing Activities	(9,767)	10,050	283
Troiding / totaling	(5,767)	10,000	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Interest Received	5 <b>,6</b> 16	5,208	10,824
Impact Fees	<b>4,0</b> 00	-	4,000
impaot i ces	<del></del>	<del></del>	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	9,616	5,208	14,824
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	<b>33,0</b> 70	(42,054)	(8,984)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	190,417	137,098_	327,515
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	223,487	95,044	318,531
Cash and Cash Equivalence Enamy		50,011	0.0,00.
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash			
Provided (Used) By Operating Activities: Operating Income	10 000	/76 E90\	(60.700)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net	13 <b>,8</b> 89_	<u>(76,589)</u>	(62,700)
Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities:  Depreciation	19,485	8,732	28,217
Increase (Decrease) in Operating Assets:	19,400	0,732	20,217
Accounts Receivable	(1,052)	(1,217)	(2,269)
Accounts Payable	(1,032) 774	11,136	11,910
Deposits Payable	125	626	751
Deposits i dyabie	125		
Total Adjustments	19,332	19,277	38,609
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	33,221	(57,312)	(24,091)
	<del></del>	<del></del>	

# KANOSH TOWN NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2006

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Kanosh Town conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

The accompanying basic financial statements present the financial position of various fund types and the results of operations of the various fund types. The basic financial statements are presented for the year ended June 30, 2006.

The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

### A. Reporting Entity

Kanosh Town is a municipal corporation in Millard County, Utah. It is governed by an elected mayor and a four member board. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements are of the primary government, Kanosh Town, the reporting entity. The Town has no component units.

### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., statement of net assets and statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

June 30, 2006

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, Kanosh Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenues items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund account for the acquisition of fixed assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary or nonexpendable trust funds.

The Government also reports the following Other Governmental Funds:

Fire Department and Perpetual Care. These funds account for revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

The Perpetual Care Permanent Fund is used to account for principal trust amounts received and related interest income. The interest portion of the trust can be used to maintain the cemetery.

June 30, 2006

### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The Government reports the following Proprietary Funds:

The Utility Funds accounts for the activities of the Town water and electric operations. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and electric funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

### D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

### **Deposits and Investments:**

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

June 30, 2006

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) Capital Assets:

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Water System

50 Years

Electric System

50 Years

### **Long-Term Obligations:**

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net assets.

In the fund financial statement, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, if any, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### **Fund Equity:**

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designation of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

June 30, 2006

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

Annual budgets are prepared and adopted by ordinance by total for each department, in accordance with State law, by the Mayor and Town Board on or before June 22 for the following Fiscal year beginning July 1. Estimated revenues and appropriations may be increased or decreased by resolution of the Town Board at any time during the year. A public hearing must be held prior to any proposed increase in a fund's appropriations. Budgets include activities in the General Fund. The level of the Town's budgetary control (the level at which the Town's expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations) is established at the department level. Each department head is responsible for operating within the budget for their department. All annual budgets lapse at fiscal year end.

Some Towns find themselves with a deficit fund balance in one or more of their funds. The State Auditor has taken the position that a deficit, created by expenditures being made in excess of those budgeted, is an illegally created debit in violation of the Utah Constitution, Section XIV(3). As such, the total illegally created deficit should be budgeted to be made up in the following fiscal year. Deficits arising from emergencies are not illegal and may be retired over 5 years. Maximum in the general funds may not exceed 75% of the total estimated revenue of the general fund.

Once adopted, the budget may be amended by the Town council without hearing provided the budgeted expenditures do not exceed budgeted revenues and appropriated fund balance. A public hearing must be held if the budgeted expenditures will exceed budgeted revenues and any fund balance which is available for budgeting. With the consent of the Mayor, department heads may reallocate unexpended appropriated balances from one expenditure account to another within that department during the budget year. Budgets for the General Fund are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Encumbrances are not used.

### F. Property Taxes

Property taxes are assessed and collected for the Town by Millard County and remitted to the Town shortly after collection. Property taxes become a lien on January 1 and are levied on the first Monday in August. Taxes are due and payable on November 1, and are delinquent after November 30. All dates are in the year of levy.

### G. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

June 30, 2006

### **NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Kanosh Town maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Cash and Cash Equivalents".

### Deposits:

At year end, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits was \$9,339 and the bank balance was \$17,659. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance. Utah State statutes do not require deposits to be collateralized, however, financial institutions must be approved by the State Money Management Council.

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2006, consist of the following:

	<u>Fair Value</u>
Demand Deposits	9,339
Investments - PTIF	630,154
Total Cash and Investments	639,493

Cash and investments listed above are classified in the accompanying government-wide statement of net assets as follows:

Governmental Activities - Unrestricted	320,962
Business-Type Activities - Unrestricted	298,331
Business-Type Activities - Restricted	20,200
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	639,493

The Utah Money Management Act (UMMA) established specific requirements regarding deposits of public funds by public treasurers. UMMA requires that Town funds be deposited with a qualified depository which includes any depository institution which has been certified by the Utah State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as having met the requirements specified in UMMA Section 51, Chapter 7. UMMA provides the formula for determining the amount of public funds which a qualified depository may hold in order to minimize risk of loss and also defines capital requirements which an Institution must maintain to be eligible to accept public funds. UMMA lists the criteria for investments and specifies the assets which are eligible to be invested in, and for some investments, the amount of time to maturity.

June 30, 2006

### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

UMMA enables the State Treasurer to operate the Public Treasurer's Investment Pool (PTIF). PTIF is managed by the Utah State Treasurer's investment staff and comes under the regulatory authority of the Utah Money Management Council. This council is comprised of a select group of financial professionals from units of local and state government and financial institutions doing business in the state. PTIF operations and portfolio composition is monitored at least semi-annually by Utah Money Management Council. PTIF is unrated by any nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

PTIF operations and portfolio composition is monitored at least semi-annually by Utah Money Management Council. PTIF is unrated by any nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Deposits in PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah. Participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments which are recorded an amortized cost basis. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by PTIF. The fair value of the investment pool is approximately equal to the value of the pool shares.

Deposits in PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah. Participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments which are recorded an amortized cost basis. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by PTIF. The fair value of the investment pool is approximately equal to the value of the pool shares.

Deposits and investments for local government are governed by the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code Annotated, Title 51, Chapter 7, "the Act") and by rules of the Utah Management Council ("the Council"). Following are discussions of the local government's exposure to various risks related to its cash management activities.

### **Custodial Credit Risk:**

Deposits - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the local government's deposits may not be recovered. The local government's policy for managing custodial credit risk is to adhere to the Money Management Act. The Act requires all deposits of the local government to be in a qualified depository, defined as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government and which has been certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council. As of June 30, 2006, \$0 of the local government's bank balances of \$17,659 were uninsured and uncollateralized.

### Credit Risk:

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty of an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The local government's policy for limiting the credit risk of investments is to comply with the Money Management Act.

June 30, 2006

### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The local government is authorized to invest in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF), an external pooled investment fund managed by the Utah State Treasurer and subject to the Act and Council requirements. The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, and deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah. The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The income, gains and losses, net of administration fees, of the PTIF are allocated based upon the participants' average daily balances.

For the year ended June 30, 2006, the local governments has investments of \$630,154 with the PTIF. The entire balance had a maturity less than one year. The PTIF pool has not been rated.

### **Interest Rate Risk:**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The local government manages its exposure to declines in fair value by investments mainly in the PTIF and by adhering to the Money Management Act. The act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested.

### Concentration of Credit Risk:

Concentration of credit risk the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments. in a single issuer. PTIF falls under the constraints of UMMA in limiting concentrations of investments.

### **NOTE 3-BOND RESERVES**

The Water Revenue Bonds require the following reserves:

1980 Series A - \$57 per month / maximum of \$6,780	6,780
1985 Series B - \$37 per month / maximum of \$3,750	3,750
1985 Series B - \$32 per month / maximum of \$3,200	3,200
2003 Series - \$135.25 per month / maximum of \$17,000	6,470
Total	20.200

The balance of reserves at year end was \$20,200.

June 30, 2006

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:	Dalarice	Additions		Datarice
Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated:				
Land	30,000	-	_	<b>30,0</b> 00
Land Related to Infrastructure	13,168	-	-	13,168
	1041.00			
Total Capital Assets Not				
Being Depreciated	43,168			43,168
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	46,000	-	-	46,000
Improvements Other Than Bldgs	18,000	-	-	18,000
Equipment	96,200	66,924	-	163,124
infrastructure	509,250	25,000		534,250
Total Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated	669,450	91,924	-	761,374
I was a substant Daniel State Francisco				
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:	07.000	1 150		28,950
Buildings	27,800	1,150 900	•	28, <del>3</del> 50 2,700
Improvements Other Than Bldgs	1,800		-	50,092
Equipment	38,625	11,467	<u>.</u>	332,264
Infrastructure	305,551	<u>26,713</u>		
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	<b>37</b> 3,7 <b>7</b> 6	40,230	-	414,006
ш э <b>р</b> гозимог				
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated (Net)	295,674	51,694	-	347,368
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	338,842	51,694		390,536
•	<del></del>			

### June 30, 2006

### NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Business Type Activities: Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated:				
Land	15,688	-	-	15,688
Total Capital Assets Not				
Being Depreciated	15,688			15,688
Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated:				
Water System	974,245	-	-	974,245
Electric System	436,600	-		436,600
Total Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated	1,410,845			1,410,845
Less Accumulated				
Depreciation For:				
Water System	274,530	1 <b>9,48</b> 5	-	294,015
Electric System	195,977	8,732	-	204,709
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	470,507	28,217		498,724
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated (Net)	940,338	(28,217)	-	912,121
Business Type Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	956,026	(28,217)	-	927,809
Total Capital Assets	1,294,868	23,477	_	1,318,345

June 30, 2006

#### **NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)**

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Primary Government as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
General Government	250	-	250
Public Safety	5,287	-	5,287
Public Health	-	28,217	28,217
Highways and Public Improvements	32, <b>78</b> 3	-	32,783
Parks and Recreation	1,910	<del>-</del>	1,910
Total Depreciation Expense	40,230	28,217	68,447

#### **NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT**

1980 Water Revenue Bonds - Series A:

During 1980 the Town issued water revenue bonds in the amount of \$115,800 with interest at 5%.

The following is a schedule of debt service to maturity:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2006-2007	3,999	2, <b>78</b> 1	6,780
2007-2008	4,199	2,581	6,780
2008-2009	4,409	2,371	6,780
2009-2010	4,629	2,151	6,780
2010-2011	4,861	1,919	6,780
2012-2016	28,202	5 <b>,698</b>	33,900
2017-2021	8,606_	266_	8,872
	<del></del>		
Total	58,905	<u> 17,767</u>	76,672

#### 1985 Water Revenue Bonds - Series B:

During 1985 the Town issued water revenue bonds in the amount of \$75,000 with interest at 0%. These bonds were paid in full during the year.

June 30, 2006

#### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Water Revenue Bonds - Series 2003:

The Town obtained financing for the purpose of constructing a new water tank and culinary water lines during 2004. The funding for the project was as follows:

Total	460,000.00
Local Share (Kanosh)	30,000.00
CDBG Grant	90,000.00
Drinking Water Board Loan	340,000.00

The Drinking Water board will forgive 20% or \$65,285 of the \$326,385 loan. The balance of the loan, \$261,100, requires yearly payments including interest at 1.44%.

The following is a schedule of debt service to maturity:

	Principal Principal	Interest	Total
	·		
2006-2007	12,000	3,571	15,571
2007-2008	13,000	3,398	16,3 <b>98</b>
2008-2009	13,000	3,226	16,2 <b>26</b>
2009-2010	13,000	3,038	16,038
2010-2011	13,000	2,851	15,851
2012-2016	68,000	11,434	79,434
2017-2021	73,000	6,466	<b>7</b> 9,466
2022-2026	43,000	1,510	44,510_
Total	248,000	35,494	283,494

The bond requires a bond reserve payment of \$135.25 per month for 120 months to a maximum of \$17,000.00. In addition the Town is required to maintain a capital replacement fund equal to 5% of the operating budget including debt service payments.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) KANOSH TOWN

June 30, 2006

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED

The following is a schedule of changes in bonds payable at June 30, 2006:

:	Outstanding June 30, 2006	58,905	•	248,000	306,905
Current Year Changes	Matured	3,425	3,750	12,000	19,175
Current Ye	penssi	r	ı	10,900	10,900
-	June 30, 2005	62,330	3,750	249,100	315,180
	Total Issued	115,800	75,000	272,000	462,800
	Interest Rate	2%	%0	1.44%	
	Date of Issue	1980	1985	2003	
	Bond Issue:	Water Revenue Bonds Series A	Water Revenue Bonds Series B	Water Revenue Bonds Series 2003	Total

The following is a five year maturity of long-term debt:

Total	22,351	23,178	23,006	22,818	22,631	113,334	88,338	44,510	360,166
Interest	6,352	5,979	5,597	5,189	4,770	17,132	6,732	1,510	53,261
Principal	15,999	17,199	17,409	17,629	17,861	96,202	81,606	43,000	306,905
	2006-2007	2007-2008	2008-2009	2009-2010	2010-2011	2012-2016	2017-2021	2022-2026	

#### June 30, 2006

#### NOTE 6 - CLASS "C" ROADS

The following is a schedule of receipts and expenditures in Class "C" Roads:

Balance - Beginning of Year

4,000

Receipts:

State Allotments 32,246
Interest 1,440

Total Receipts 33,686

Expenditures (37,686)

Balance - End of Year \_\_\_\_\_

#### **NOTE 7 - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**

During 1987 Kanosh Town joined the Millard County Fire District which is a Special Service District. The Special Service District levies and collects taxes for the members of the Fire District. These monies are then remitted, based upon an agreed formula, to the towns involved in the District to be used for fire control.

The following is a statement of changes in the fire department of the Special Revenue Fund:

Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 4,933

Revenues:

Special Service District 10,575
Other 2,247
Interest 13

Total Revenues 12,835

**Expenditures** 

Materials and Supplies (6,850)
Gas and Oil (3,271)
Utilities (1,312)
Services (575)

Total Expenditures \_\_\_\_(12,008)

Fund Balance - End of Year 5,760

June 30, 2006

#### NOTE 8 - PERMANENT FUND - PERPETUAL CARE

The following is a statement of changes in the Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund:

Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	61,378
Revenues	3,663
Expenditures	<del></del>
Fund Balance - End of Year	65,041

#### **NOTE 9-IMPACT FEES**

During the year the Town approved implementing a water fee table setting fees Kanosh can charge for impact fees for new water connections. The fee for 2005-2006 was \$4,000.00. The Town had a Culinary Water System Analysis and Impact Fee Analysis prepared prior to adopting the ordinance. All of the impact fees have been spent on approved expenditures.

#### **NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and injuries and disasters. The Town is insured through the Utah Local Government Trust for general liability coverage. The limits of coverage is \$2,000.000 with \$0 deductible for each occurrence for both comprehensive general liability and automobile liability. Uninsured motorist has a \$50,000 limit per each accident.

The Town is insured for property and equipment loss through the Utah Local Government Trust. This coverage is for all buildings and equipment owned by the Town. The coverage is for replacement cost with a \$0 deductible. The Town also has health and accident coverage for employees through the Trust.

Claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three calendar years.

(This page contains no information and is used to assist in formatting, for easier reading)

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION "UNAUDITED"

# KANOSH TOWN BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

#### For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted /	Budgeted Amounts		Variance With Final Budget	
	Original	<u>Final</u>	(Budgetary Basis) (See Note A)	Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1, 2005	105,935	105,935	105,935	<u> </u>	
Resources (Inflows): Taxes:					
General Property Taxes	5,950	5,950	4,025	(1,925)	
Delinquent Prior Years Taxes	<b>25</b> 0	250	170	(80)	
General Sales and Use Taxes	39,110	39,110	43,023	3,913	
Fee-In-Lieu	1,200	1,200	1,592	392	
ree-m-Lieu	1,200	1,200	1,002		
Total Taxes	46,510	46,510	48,810	2,300	
Licenses and Permits:					
Animal Licenses	600	600	<b>9</b> 57	357	
Business Licenses	250	250	460	210	
Building Permits	3,550	3,550	2,795	(755)	
Total Licenses and Permits	4,400	4,400	4,212	(188)	
Intergovernmental Revenue:					
Class C Road	30,954	30,954	32,246	1,292	
State Liquor Allotment	645	645	780	1 <b>3</b> 5	
State Grants	28,271	28,271	41,568	13,297	
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	59,870	59,870	74,594	14,724	
Charges for Services:					
Cemetery	2,000	2,500	3,725	1,225	
Park and Recreation Fees	3,700	200	50	(150)	
Refuse Collection Charges	20,000	20,000	18,812	(1,188)	
Administrative Fee - Electric	50,000	50,000	50,000	- ,	
Library Use Fees		-	500	500	
Total Charges for Services	75,700	72,700	73,087	387	
Miscellaneous Revenue:					
Interest	13,000	13,000	16,054	3,054	
Rents	1,500	1,500	1,513	13	
Other	1,500	4,500	5,828	1,328	
Use of Fund Balance	40,120	89,000	-	(89,000)	
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	56,120	108,000	23,395	(84,605)	
Amounts Available for Appropriation	348,535	397,415	330,033	(67,382)	

## KANOSH TOWN BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

#### For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	(See Note A)	(Negative)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
General Government:				
Salaries	38,000	18,000	17,965	35
Administration	28,600	62,480	57,226	5,254
Total General Government	66,600	80,480	75,191	5,289
Public Safety:				
Fire Department	20,000	<b>50,</b> 000	46,530	3,470
Emergency Services	1,000_	1,000		1,000
Total Public Safety	21,000	51,000	46,530	4,470
Public Health:				
Sanitation	20,000	25,000_	23,760	1,240
Highway and Public Improvements:				
Construction	85,000	25,000	25,000	-
Repairs and Maintenance	25,000	85,000	70,220	14,780
Total Highways and Public				
Improvements	110,000	110,000	95,220	14,780
Parks and Recreation:				
Cemetery	12,000	12,000	8,102	3,898
Parks	13,000	13,000	12,600	400
Total Culture and Recreation	25,000	25,000	20,702	4,298
Total Charges to Appropriations	242,600	291,480	261,403	30,077
Budgetary Fund Balance - June 30, 2006	105,935	105,935	68,630	(37,305)

# KANOSH TOWN NOTE A BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET-TO-GAAP RECONCILIATION

#### For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	General
	<u>Fund</u>
Sources/Inflows and Resources:	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from	
the budgetary comparison schedules.	<b>330,</b> 033
Differences - Budget to GAAP:	
The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary resource	
but is not a current-year revenue for financial reporting purposes.	(105,935)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures	
and changes in fund balances - governmental funds.	224,098
Uses/Outflows of Resources:	
Actual amounts (budgetary Basis "total charges to appropriations"	
from the budgetary comparison schedules.	261,403
Differences - Budget to GAAP:	
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but	
are not expenditures for financial reporting pruposes.	
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues,	
expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	<u>261,403</u>

# COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

#### KANOSH TOWN NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

#### Fire Department Fund:

This fund is used to account for revenues received from the Millard County Fire District and related expenditures for fire protection.

#### **PERMANENT FUND**

Permanent Funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

#### **Perpetual Care Fund**

This fund is used to account for principal trust amounts received and related interest income. The interest portion of the trust can be used to maintain the community cemetery.

# KANOSH TOWN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### June 30, 2006

	Fire Department	Permanent Fund Perpetual Care	Total Nonmajor Government Funds
ASSETS			
Investments - Unrestricted	5,760	65,041	70,801
TOTAL ASSETS	5,760	65,041	70,801
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities	<u> </u>		
Fund Balances:			
Reserved: Perpetual Care Fund Unreserved, Reported in:	-	65,041	65,041
Special Revenue Funds	5,760		5,760
Total Fund Balances	5,760	65,041_	70,801
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	5,760	65,041	70,801

## KANOSH TOWN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Fire	Permanent Fund Perpetual	Total <b>Nonmajor</b> G <b>overnmen</b> t
	<u>Department</u>	Care	Funds
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	10,575	-	10,5 <b>7</b> 5
Miscellaneous	2,260_	<u>3,663</u>	5,923_
Total Revenues	12,835	3,663	16,498
Expenditures: Current:			
Public Safety	12,008		12,008
Total Expenditures	12,008		12,008
Net Change in Fund Balance	827	3,663	4,490
Fund Balances - Beginning	4,933	61,378	66,311
Fund Balances - Ending	5,760	<u>65,<b>04</b>1</u>	70,801

# **COMPLIANCE SECTION**

#### Kimball & Roberts

Certified Public Accountants
A Professional Corporation
Box 663
Richfield, Utah 84701
Phone 896-6488

### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Town Council Kanosh Town Kanosh, Utah 84637

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kanosh Town as and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise Kanosh Town's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 22, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Kanosh Town's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Kanosh Town's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Honorable Mayor and Town Council Kanosh Town Page -2-

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Town Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KIMBALL & ROBERTS, P. C.
Certified Public Accountants

August 22, 2006 Richfield, Utah

#### Kimball & Roberts

Certified Public Accountants
A Professional Corporation
Box 663
Richfield, Utah 84701
Phone 896-6488

#### **AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE LEGAL COMPLIANCE**

Honorable Mayor and Town Council Kanosh Town Corporation Kanosh, Utah 84637

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kanosh Town, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated August 22, 2006. As part of our audit, we have audited Kanosh Town's compliance with the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; special tests and provisions applicable to each of its major State assistance programs as required by the State of Utah's Legal Compliance Audit Guide for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The Town received the following major State assistance programs from the State of Utah:

C Road Funds (Department of Transportation) Liquor Law Enforcement (State Tax Commission)

The Town also received the following nonmajor grant, which is not required to be audited for specific compliance requirements: (However, this program was subject to testwork as part of the audit of Blanding City's financial statements.)

Fire Department Grant (Department of Public Safety)

Our audit also included testwork on the Town's compliance with those general compliance requirements identified in the Compliance Manual for Audits of Local Governments in Utah including:

Public Debt
Cash Management
Purchasing Requirements
Budgetary Compliance
Property Tax
Other Compliance Requirements

The management of Kanosh Town is responsible for the Town's compliance with all compliance requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Honorable Mayor and Town Council Kanosh Town Page -2-

The results of our audit procedures disclosed no instances of noncompliance with the requirements referred to above.

In our opinion, Kanosh Town, complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above and the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; and special tests and provisions that are applicable to its major State assistance programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

KIMBALL & ROBERTS, P. C.
Certified Public Accountants

August 22, 2006 Richfield, Utah